Ba/Edn-502

(2)

2020

(5th Semester)

EDUCATION

(Honours)

Paper No.: EDN-502

(Statistics in Education)

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Explain the nature and scope of educational statistics. 7+7=14

Or

(b) Define statistics. Discuss the use of statistics in education. 4+10=14

2. (a) What do you mean by the term 'measures of central tendency'?
Calculate the mean, median and mode for the following frequency distribution:

2+4+4+14

Scores Frequency 100-104 1 2 95-99 90-94 1 85-89 6 7 80-84 75-79 3 70-74 2 65-69 2 60-64 55-59 0 50-54 45-49 1 N = 30

12-21**/114** (Turn Over) 12-21**/114** (Continued)

Or

(b) What is standard deviation? Compute standard deviation (SD) from the following grouped data: 2+12=14

Class interval	Frequency
60–64	2
55–59	1
50-54	3
45–49	6
40–44	8
35–39	5
30–34	2
25–29	1
20–24	3
15–19	7
10–14	2
	N = 40

3. (a) Distinguish between positive skewness and negative skewness. Explain the uses of normal probability curve in the interpretation of test scores. 4+10=14

Or

(b) State the factors causing divergence in a normal curve. Explain the types of kurtosis along with diagram. 5+9=14

4. (a) What is zero correlation? Compute the coefficient of correlation by rank difference method between the marks secured in two tests by 10 students and interpret the results: 2+12=14

Students	Test—X	Test—Y
A	10	16
B	15	16
C	11	24
D	14	18
E	16	22
F	20	24
G	10	14
Н	8	10
I	7	12
J	9	14
	Or	

(b) State two uses of correlation in education. Find the coefficient of correlation between the following two sets of scores using the product moment method and interpret the result: 2+12=14

Subject : A B C D F F G H

Test—I : 15 18 22 17 19 20 16 21

Test—II : 40 42 50 45 43 46 41 41

12-21**/114** (Turn Over)

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(5)

5. (a) What is data? Distinguish between grouped and ungrouped data with suitable examples. 4+5+5=14

Or

(b) Plot a histogram and a frequency polygon for the given data: 7+7=14

Class interval	Frequency
65–69	1
60–64	3
55–59	4
50-54	7
45–49	9
40–44	11
35–39	8
30–34	4
25–29	2
20–24	1
	$\overline{N=50}$
