## Subject Code : Ba/Pol-301



To be filled in by the Candidate


INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa.
2. This paper should be ANSWERED FIRST and submitted within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the Examination.
3. While answering the questions of this booklet, any cutting, erasing, overwriting or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done only on the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering that question only.

## Booklet No. A

Date Stamp $\qquad$
$\qquad$


To be filled in by the
Candidate

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA
3rd Semester End Term
Examination, 2020

Roll No. $\qquad$
Regn. No. $\qquad$
Subject $\qquad$
Paper $\qquad$

Descriptive Type
Booklet No. B $\qquad$

## Ba/Pol-301

> 2020
> (3rd Semester)

## POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-301
( Indian Government and Politics )
( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )
(Marks : 25 )
The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions
A. Choose the correct answer by putting a Tick $(\mathbb{V})$ mark in the brackets provided :
$1 \times 10=10$

1. Who among the following was not a member of the Constituent Assembly established in July 1946?
(a) Mahatma Gandhi
(b) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar ( )
(c) K. M. Munshi ( )
(d) N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar

## (2)

2. Which of the following terms was not included in the original preamble?
(a) Secular ( )
(b) Democratic ( )
(c) Republic ( )
(d) Sovereign ( )
3. Right to freedom is found in the Articles $\qquad$ of the Constitution.
(a) 14 to 18 ( )
(b) 19 to 22 ( )
(c) 22 to 24 ( )
(d) 25 to 28 ( )
4. Directive Principles of State Policy are enshrined in $\qquad$ of the Constitution.
(a) Part III ( )
(b) Part IV ( )
(c) Part V ( )
(d) Part VI ( )

## ( 3 )

5. The members of the Rajya Sabha are appointed for a term of
(a) 3 years ( )
(b) 4 years ( )
(c) 5 years ( )
(d) 6 years ( )
6. Who decides the disputes regarding the election of the President?
(a) The Election Commission of India
(b) The Parliament ( )
(c) The Comptroller and Auditor General
( )
(d) The Supreme Court ( )

## 4 )

7. Who among the following appoints the Chairman of the State Public Service Commission?
(a) The President ( )
(b) The Governor ( )
(c) The Chief Minister ( )
(d) The Advocate General ( )
8. Which of the following States does not have a bicameral legislature?
(a) Karnataka ( )
(b) Uttar Pradesh ( )
(c) Nagaland ( )
(d) Maharashtra ( )

## (5)

9. How many members can the Indian President nominate to the House of the People?
(a) $2(1)$
(b) 12 ( )
(c) $22(\mathrm{l}$
(d) None of the above ( )
10. The Supreme Court of India was set up
(a) under the Indian Independence Act, 1947 ( )
(b) through an Act of Parliament in 1950 ( )
(c) under the Government of India Act, 1935 ( )
(d) by the Constitution ( )

## (6)

B. Write short notes on the following: $5 \times 2=10$

1. Emergency powers of the President

## (7)

2. Powers and functions of the Governor
(8)
$\mathrm{Ba} / \mathrm{Pol}-301 / 67$

## ( 9 )

C. State whether the following statements are True ( $T$ ) or False $(F)$ by putting a Tick $(\mathcal{N})$ mark : $1 \times 5=5$

1. Directive Principles of State Policy are borrowed from Irish Constitution.

$$
(T / F)
$$

2. A money bill can be originated in both the Houses.

$$
(T / F)
$$

3. Right to property is justiciable.

$$
(T / F)
$$

4. The tenure of the Governor is 5 years.

$$
(T / F)
$$

5. The Chief Minister is the Head of the State.

$$
(T / F)
$$

## Ba/Pol-301

## 2020

( 3rd Semester )

## POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-301

## ( Indian Government and Politics )

Full Marks : $70 \quad$ Pass Marks : 45\%
Time: 3 hours
(PART: B—DESCRIPTIVE)
( Marks: 45)
The questions are of equal value

1. "The Indian Constitution was framed by the Constituent Assembly set up under the Cabinet Mission Plan."
In the light of the above statement, examine in detail the development and the process of framing the Indian Constitution.

Or
Explain the basic features of the Indian Constitution.
2. Discuss critically the various categories of Fundamental Rights.

Or
Explain the principles and objectives enshrined in the preamble of the Indian Constitution.
3. Discuss the composition and functions of the Indian Parliament.

## Or

Discuss the role and functions of the Indian Prime Minister.
4. Describe the powers and position of the Chief Minister.

Or
Describe the powers and functions of the State Legislative.
5. Describe the organization and jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India.

Or
Describe the powers and functions of the High Court of India.

